SENATE BILL No. 392

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 33-3-5-7; IC 33-13-12.

Synopsis: Judicial salaries. Provides that full-time judges and justices automatically receive a salary increase in each fiscal year that the general assembly does not provide a salary increase. Provides that the automatic salary increase is the same statewide or cost of living percentage increase received for that fiscal year by state employees in the executive branch who are in the same or a similar salary bracket. (The introduced version of this bill was approved by the commission on courts.)

Effective: July 1, 2004.

Broden

January 12, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.





Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 392

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 33-3-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. (a) The judge of the tax court is
entitled to an a base annual salary equal to the base annual salary
provided in IC 33-13-12-9 to a judge of the court of appeals. Ir
addition, the judge of the tax court is entitled to the following:

- (1) Reimbursement for traveling expenses and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the judge's duties, as provided in the state travel policies and procedures established by the department of administration and approved by the budget agency.
- (2) A subsistence allowance equal to the amount provided under IC 33-13-12-9 to a judge of the court of appeals who is not the chief judge of the court of appeals.
- (3) A salary increase under IC 33-13-12-9.5.
- (b) The judge of the tax court:
 - (1) shall devote full time to judicial duties; and
- (2) may not engage in the practice of law.



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1	(c) The state shall pay the annual salary prescribed in subsection (a)	
2	from the state general fund.	
3	(d) The state shall furnish an automobile to the judge of the state tax	
4	court.	
5	SECTION 2. IC 33-13-12-7.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7.1. (a) The total base	
7	annual salary of each full-time judge of a circuit, superior, municipal,	
8	county, or probate court is ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000). In	
9	addition, a judge under this section may receive:	_
10	(1) a salary increase under section 9.5 of this chapter; and	
11	(2) any additional salary provided under IC 36-2-5-14 or	
12	IC 36-3-6-3(c).	
13	The state shall pay all of the total salary except for the additional	
14	salary, if any, under IC 36-2-5-14 or IC 36-3-6-3(c). The state shall	
15	deposit quarterly the money received from the counties under	
16	subsection (c) in the state general fund.	
17	(b) Before November 2 of each year, the county auditor of each	
18	county shall certify to the division of state court administration the	
19	amounts, if any, to be provided by the county during the ensuing	
20	calendar year for judges' salaries under IC 36-2-5-14 or IC 36-3-6-3(c).	
21	(c) When making each payment under subsection (a), (a)(2), the	
22	county shall determine for each judge whether the total of:	
23	(1) the payment made on behalf of that judge;	
24	(2) previous payments made on behalf of that judge in the same	
25	calendar year; and	
26	(3) the state share of the judge's salary under subsection (a);	
27	exceeds the Social Security wage base established by the federal	
28	government for that year. If the total does not exceed the Social	T
29	Security wage base, the payment on behalf of that judge must also be	
30	accompanied by an amount equal to the employer's share of Social	
31	Security taxes and Medicare taxes. If the total does exceed the Social	
32	Security wage base, the part of the payment on behalf of the judge that	
33	is below the Social Security wage base must be accompanied by an	
34	amount equal to the employer's share of Social Security taxes and	
35	Medicare taxes, and the part of the payment on behalf of the judge that	
36	exceeds the Social Security wage base must be accompanied by an	
37	amount equal to the employer's share of Medicare taxes. Payments	
38	made under this subsection shall be deposited in the state general fund	
39	under subsection (a).	
40	(d) For purposes of determining the amount of life insurance	

premiums to be paid by a judge who participates in a life insurance



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program that:

1	(1) is established by the state;
2	(2) applies to a judge who is covered by this section; and
3	(3) bases the amount of premiums to be paid by the judge on the
4	amount of the judge's salary;
5	the judge's salary does not include any amounts paid to the state by a
6	county under subsection (a). (a)(2).
7	SECTION 3. IC 33-13-12-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) The total base
9	annual salary for each justice of the supreme court of Indiana is one
0	hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000). In addition, a justice
1	under this subsection may receive a salary increase under section
2	9.5 of this chapter.
.3	(b) The total base annual salary for each judge of the court of
4	appeals of Indiana is one hundred ten thousand dollars (\$110,000). In
5	addition, a judge under this subsection may receive a salary
6	increase under section 9.5 of this chapter.
7	(c) The state shall pay the annual salaries prescribed in subsections
. 8	(a) through (b) from the state general fund.
9	(d) In addition to said salary, there shall be paid in equal monthly
20	payments on the first day of each month out of any money in the
21	general fund of the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the
22	following annual subsistence allowances to assist in defraying expenses
23	relating to or resulting from the discharge of the justice's or judge's
24	official duties, for which no accounting shall be made by such judge:
25	(1) Five thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,500) to the chief
26	justice of the supreme court.
27	(2) Five thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,500) to the chief judge
28	of the court of appeals.
29	(3) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) to each justice of the supreme
0	court who is not the chief justice.
31	(4) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) to each judge of the court of
32	appeals who is not the chief judge.
3	(e) The state shall not furnish automobiles for the use of justices or
4	judges compensated under this section.
55	SECTION 4. IC 33-13-12-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
66	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
37	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9.5. (a) Beginning July 1, 2005, in
8	each state fiscal year during which the general assembly does not
19	provide a salary increase to a judge or justice under this chapter
10	or IC 33-3-5-7, the judge's or justice's salary for that state fiscal
1	year shall be increased by the same percentage amount as the
12	statewide or cost of living percentage increase received by state



employees in the executive branch who are in the same or a similar	
salary bracket.	
(b) Subsequent salary increases under subsection (a) are	
calculated by applying the percentage increase given to state	
employees to the sum of the base salary in section 7.1 or 9 of this	
chapter and each previous pay increase received under this section.	
(c) Judges and justices are not entitled to receive a salary	
increase under subsection (a) in a state fiscal year in which state	
employees do not receive a statewide or cost of living salary	
increase.	
(d) If a salary increase is required under subsection (a), the line	
items for judicial salaries in the state biennial budget are augmented in an amount sufficient to pay for the salary increase	
from the same source of funds as for state employee salary	
increases.	
increases.	
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